

ANDERSON ZOUAVE

THE OFFICIAL NEWSPAPER OF THE ANDERSON BATTALION, AUSTRALIA.

VOLUME 1 NUMBER 9

ISSN 1834-1683

DECEMBER 1, 2006

ANDERSON ZOUAVES POSTAL RELIC



A relic of the Anderson Zouaves sold on Ebay recently. The item was a patriotic envelope (minus contents) addressed to a Mr Ephraim Pilloc(?) of Moriah, Essex County. The envelope was dated December 6, 1861 and had the words "Anderson Zouaves" inscribed along the shaft of the flag pole on the left hand side. The relic was sold by a philatelist (stamp collector) whose main interests are Polish postal history and the Polish history of Oneida County, N. Y. The envelope was sold for US\$114.00 on November 9, 2006 to a buyer with the ID pinetree60, who, it seems is also a philatelist.

LETTERS FROM THE SUNDAY MERCURY

Following is a transcript of the first letter written by a one of the *New York Sunday Mercury's* "Special Correspondents" within the ranks of Anderson Zouaves. The letter is quite detailed, giving dates and times for the movements of the regiment after it left Riker's Island. It also records the name of the steamer used to transport the regiment from Camp Astor on Riker's Island to the rail depot at Elizabethport N. J. It is particularly interesting that the letter situates the location of Camp Holt at the village of Kalorama on the outskirts of Washington. Until now the whereabouts of Camp Holt has remained a relative mystery. Pete Payette of the American Forts Network <<http://www.geocities.com/naforts/dc.html#other>> lists Camp Holt under the category of "Unknown regions: (locations unknown or undetermined)". However, this letter along with Regis De Trobriand's description¹ of the camp and the reference to the camp in the history of the 10th Massachusetts² should allow the exact location of Camp Holt to now be determined.

[Special Correspondence of the Sunday Mercury.]
ANDERSON ZOUAVES.

CAMP HOLT, WASHINGTON. }
October 8th, 1861. }

To the Editors of the Sunday Mercury.

Having a little time to spare, I thought that I would give your readers some idea of our camp life.

This regiment, at the present time, numbers nearly the full standard, and its officers, no doubt, rank second to none, although I must say, that there was some little difficulty and delay in the War Department in recognizing us, but we have at last arrived at the seat of war as efficient a body of men as there is in the three year service.

With such men as Colonel Riker and Lieut. Colonel Tisdale,* and Major Dayton, at our head there is no doubt but we will prove ourselves very troublesome to the enemy. As for the Adjutant Scullen, too much cannot be said, for he is a gentleman and a soldier in every respect.

It is true that we have met with a great many accidents in our organization, but our friends and the public have every confidence that we will do our duty.

We are at the present in Peck's Brigade, which, in part, is composed of the Anderson Zouaves, Fifty-fifth New York State Volunteers, Sixth New Jersey Volunteers, and the Thirteenth Pennsylvania State Volunteers, all healthy and hardy young men, ready at the commander's call.³

Last week we were reviewed by the president, and he has every confidence in us.

Yesterday we were reviewed by Prince De Joinville and Gen. Peck and Staff.

We were encamped on Riker's Island for some six or seven weeks, which place we started from on the 21st of August, at 9 o'clock P. M., on the steamer Kill Von Kull, thence to Elizabethport, where we took the cars for Baltimore, where we arrived on the 22d at 9 A. M. We marched through the principal streets to the upper depot, cheered along the way by the old and the young. We took the cars for Washington at 1 o'clock the same day, and arrived there on the 23d, at 11 P. M., where we took our suppers and retired (on the top of a hill) for the night. When we arose in the morning I began to feel the duties of a soldier. We had our breakfast and the boys took to rambling through the city and the Capitol – the latter place they seemed to admire very much – and about 1 o'clock the line formed on B street, and we took up our line of march for Meridian Hill, better known as Camp Cameron, where we arrived about 5 o'clock P. M., when we were reviewed by Secretary Seward. At 6 o'clock we pitched our tents and retired for the night. We were encamped there for five weeks, which the boys enjoyed until they got paid; some of them, tired of camp life, rambled toward the city for a few hours leisure, where, I must say, they behaved themselves very well, the provost guard were very vigilant in arresting every one in uniform that did not have a pass.

On the 10th of September we got our orders to strike tents and march for our present encampment which is on the outskirts of Washington, in a small village called Kalorama. It is very healthy and pleasant, although the nights are cool.

As regards our rations, we can't complain, considering the present state of affairs. The reveille beats at 5 o'clock A. M., battalion drill at 10 o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M., dress parade at sunset, tattoo at 9½, and taps at 10 o'clock.

We are at present ready to march at a moment's notice and the boys are anxious to try themselves.

FIFTH WARD, M. C.

* This officer has since resigned.

Notes

1. De Trobriand R., 1889, *Four years with the Army of the Potomac*, Boston, Massachusetts, pp. 95–99.
On the morning of the 26th of September the regiment broke camp in obedience to an order received the evening before. The brigade was sent three or four miles to the front, in the neighborhood of Tenallytown. The road was good and pleasant. It followed the meanderings of Rock Creek, in the shade of the willows and poplars, then passed through the forest to reach Swartz farm where we pitched our new camp. The men kept step while singing the Marseillaise, or the Chant des Girondins, hymns unknown to the echoes of those parts, which repeated them for the first time, and probably the last.
Our camping-ground was not so good as that at Meridian Hill. The ground was hilly, uneven, with abrupt slopes...
At Camp Holt (the name given to the new encampment of the brigade, I do not know why), the service began to be performed with more uniformity and regularity. We were there connected with two other brigades to form a division under the command of General Buell, who was soon after appointed to command an army in Kentucky, and, in the month of April following, to play at Shiloh, in favor of Grant, the part that Blucher played at Waterloo...
Near our camp, back of the Swartz farm, some fortifications had been commenced, which we supposed we were to finish. But that was not to be.
2. Newell, J. K. (Ed), 1875, "Ours" *Annals of the 10th Regiment Massachusetts Volunteers, in the Rebellion*, Springfield, Massachusetts, p. 53.
Saturday, October 12 (1861): Ordered to move camp to "Riverview", a high point about three miles from our present position, and complete an extensive earthwork which had been some time building. Four hundred men were detailed to clear up the ground. The Anderson Zouaves had moved from the place the day before, and there was no trouble in finding the camp, as we could smell it long before we could see it.
3. The 13th was redesignated the 102d. The 6th NJ was replaced by the 98th PVI.

WILL THE REAL SHEPARD KNAPP PLEASE STAND UP!

by David Sanders

A race horse, a Federal warship, a volunteer New York fireman, a World War I admiral, an Episcopal clergyman and a World War II American naval destroyer... in a search on the internet for Shepard Knapp, these and many other “red herrings” bamboozled this researcher! Many of these are probably linked to Shepard Knapp or his descendants, for instance the Shepard Knapp college in Worcester and the number of people with the surname Knapp and the middle name Shepard (or Shepherd)... including such individuals as Louise Shepard Knapp! And who is that Shepherd Knapp who wrote such books as “The Christmas Dinner”?



Shepard Knapp in 1847 (top left), his four sons (top right) and the Knapp house, built in 1833 Greek Revivalist style at 2 Washington Square North (below).

Add to this, the alternative spelling of Shepard (Shepherd) and I had a real puzzle on my hands! Shepard Knapp is one of the benefactors of the 62nd New York Anderson Zouaves mentioned in the 1861 New York papers “Appeal Of The Regiment To Their Patriotic Fellow-Citizens”. He is described as President of the Mechanic’s Bank.

Let me first deal with the “red herrings”. Firstly, the famous American “Morgan” horse, named after Shepard Knapp’s son Shepard F. Knapp! In the 1860s, the Morgan stallion Shepherd F. Knapp was exported to England where his trotting speed became a byword. Today, many English Hackneys carry his name in their pedigrees.

Shepherd F. Knapp himself, was the youngest son of Shepard Knapp’s four sons. Shepherd F. Knapp was born in 1832, was a well known and respected New York merchant and an “enthusiastic fireman” on city Engine

No. 37. He was a Street Commissioner and acted as receiver of the Bowling Green Savings Bank. Shepherd F. Knapp died at Carmansville, December 25th, 1886.

The USS Shepard Knapp was a sailing vessel purchased by the US Navy at New York City on 28 August 1861 from Laurence Giles Co. The ship had an unsuccessful career attempting to intercept Confederate cruisers in the Caribbean, until it struck a coral reef off Cape Haiten and was abandoned. I can only assume that this ship was named after the wealthy New York businessman, Shepard Knapp, the subject of this research.

US Admiral Harry Shepard Knapp was born 27th June 1856 in New Britain, Connecticut and graduated from the Naval Academy 20th June 1878. Harry had a long and distinguished Naval career, winning the Navy Cross during the World War and retired as a Vice Admiral in 1920. He died in 1928. During the Second World War a destroyer was commissioned in 1943, bearing Admiral Knapp’s name. Was this Harry Shepard Knapp the grandson of Shepard Knapp?

So what about the Shepard Knapp associated with the 62nd New York Infantry Regiment? He is generally described as a hide and leather merchant from the area of New York known as the Swamp. Shepard Knapp was born in 1795 and died in 1875. His wife was Catherine Louisa Kumbel (1793–1872). Shepard and Louisa had four children, Gideon Lee (1821–1875), Peter Kumbel (1825–1871), William Kumbel (1827–1877) and Shepherd Fordyce (1832–1886), mentioned above. It is interesting to note, that the children of Shepard and Catherine didn’t live beyond their 50s, whereas they themselves lived into their late 70s and possibly 80th year.

Shepard Knapp was a real 19th century American entrepreneur. He seems to have made his fortune as a hide and leather merchant and this is coupled with interests in railroads and the Presidency of the Mechanic’s Bank. He seems to have had an interest in other projects, including Brooklyn’s Green Point ferry which according to Henry Stiles’ 1869 *History Of Brooklyn Green Point*, was established in 1852 by a Mr. Bliss and was soon after transferred to the hands of Shepard Knapp, who was in possession of it in 1869 at its original location from the foot of Green Point Avenue to the foot of Tenth Street, New York.

Shepard Knapp also seemed to have some connection to Whig politics in New York, being mentioned in the “Whig” *New York Tribune* (28th January, 1854) as chair of a meeting protesting the Douglas’ administration’s repudiation of much of the Missouri Compromise. He is described in the paper as one of a group of New York’s “most conservative capitalists and business men”.

He also seems to have been involved in a degree of philanthropy and encouragement of innovation. In the first volume of *The Scientific American* of August 28, 1845 Shepard Knapp’s “liberality” in offering a “premium” via the “American Institute” of \$50 for “...the best constructed farm-wagon, and the best method of harnessing horses for the draught of the same, which shall be adjudged superior to anything of the kind, now in use, by the committee to whom it shall be referred...” is reported.

Shepard Knapp also appears in the *Journal of the Senate of the United States of America, 1789-1873*, being mentioned on March 18th, 1856. The *Journal* states that a “Mr. Fish presented the petition of Shepherd Knapp, praying compensation for services as pension agent for the city of New York; which was referred to the Committee on Pensions.

Shepard Knapp, hide and leather merchant, railroad speculator, ferry owner, bank President, philanthropist, innovator and pension agent, was regarded as a highly respected businessman and one of New York’s prominent capitalists. This was the Shepard Knapp Esquire, who was another benefactor of New York’s “pet regiment”, the Anderson Zouaves.

What really needs to be done is to further unravel these threads. What are the links between Shepard Knapp and those others who seem to be related to him in some way? What of the numerous people I found with the surname Knapp and the middle name Shepherd... are these descendants of Shepard?

Will the real Shepard Knapp PLEASE stand up!

References

- <http://www.ansi.okstate.edu/breeds/horses/morgan/>
- <http://www.dnna.state.ny.us/historic/reghist/civil/infantry/62ndInf/62ndInfCWN.htm>
- [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/USS_Knapp_\(DD-653\)](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/USS_Knapp_(DD-653))
- <http://history.furman.edu/benson/docs/nytrkn54128b.htm>
- http://www.history.rochester.edu/scientific_American/vol11/vol11n007/p4c1.htm
- [http://memory.loc.gov/cgi-bin/query/r?ammem/hlaw:@field\(DOCID+@lit\(sj04757\)\)](http://memory.loc.gov/cgi-bin/query/r?ammem/hlaw:@field(DOCID+@lit(sj04757)))
- http://www.metmuseum.org/toah/hd/bwst/hod_59.114.htm
- <http://ragette.org/greenpoint%20history/stiles1869.htm>

MUSTER ROLL OF CAPTAIN JOSEPH KNIGHT'S COMPANY "A" OF THE ANDERSON ZOUAVES,

The following muster roll has been transcribed, by John Tierney from the document *A record of the commissioned officers, non-commissioned officers and privates, of the regiments which were organized in the state of New York and called into the service of the United States to assist in suppressing the rebellion, caused by the secession of some of the southern states from the Union, A.D. 1861, as taken from the muster-in rolls on file in the Adjutant-General's office, S. N. Y. Vol. II, Albany 1864, and forms a part of more complete records kept on all members of the Anderson Zouaves, Sixty-second New York State Volunteers Infantry Regiment. There is a retrospective nature to the original document upon which this transcription is based, for while the original claims to be a roll of the members mustered into service on July 3, 1861 the information is actually taken from a roll of the regiment made on October 15,*

1861 a week after the regiment arrived in its camp at Tennallytown, D. C. Consequently this roll reflects the composition of the regiment on that day and is not an accurate description of the regiment when it was mustered in on June 30 and July 1, 1861 at Newark Bay House, Saltersville (now part of Bayonne), N. J. The whereabouts of the original roster documents from July 1861 is unclear, however, it is possible that they may be in the James Riker collection in the New York Public Library.

While every endeavour has been made to ensure this is an accurate transcription of the original document, it is possible that there may be errors. Researchers are encouraged to refer to the original document where possible. Some historical annotations, made by John Tierney, appear at the bottom.

MUSTER-IN ROLL of Field, Staff and Band in the ANDERSON ZOUAVE REGIMENT (of PECK'S BRIGADE) of U. S. Volunteers, of N. Y., Commanded by COLONEL J. LAFAYETTE RIKER, called into service of the United States by Proclamation of the President, from the 3d day of July, 1861, (date of this muster,) for the term of three years, or the war, unless sooner discharged.

Numbers of each grade:	NAMES, PRESENT AND ABSENT (Privates in alphabetical order.)	RANK.	AGE.	JOINED FOR DUTY AND ENROLLED				TRAVELLING.		VALUATION IN DOLLARS, OF—		REMARKS 1. Every man whose name is on this roll must be accounted for on the next muster roll. The exchange of men, by substitution, and the exchanging, swapping or loaning of horses, after muster into service, are strictly forbidden.
				When	Where	By whom enrolled.	Period	To place of rendezvous. No. of miles	From place of disch'ge home, No. of miles	Horse	Horse equipments	
1	Joseph Knight	Captain	24	May 11	New York	Col. Riker	3 years or war	...	...	...	...
1	William H. Baker	1st Lieut.	21	Oct. 1	do ...	Wm. Anderson	do	...	...	...	...	Promoted October 1st, from 2d to 1st Lieutenancy, same Co. ¹
1	Edward H. Morris	2d Lieut.	21	do 20	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...	Transferred from Company F. ²
1	William D. Barnett	Sergeant	25	June 14	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
2	William L. Brady	do	28	May 23	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
3	Robert Beaseley	do	20	do 12	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
4	George W. Faulkner	do	30	do 1	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
5	William Millegan	do	28	do 1	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
1	James Cox	Corporal	24	June 1	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
2	Adam Burt	do	26	May 21	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
3	Thomas Casey	do	19	April 30	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
4	Austin G. Chapman	do	19	May 21	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
5	Charles W. Sheffield	do	25	do 12	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
6	Charles Grandy	do	19	do 6	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
7	Charles Hughes	do	19	do 6	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
8	James Flynn	do	33	do 2	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
1	John Grady	Musician	16	do 1	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
2	William F. Jones	do	18	June 16	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
1	Owen McDonald	Wagoner	36	May 31	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
1	Allen, Michael	Private	21	June 30	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
2	Ames, Danielle	do	28	do 7	do ...	Jos. Knight	do	...	...	...	...
3	Bergen, Martin	do	18	do 3	do ...	Wm. Anderson	do	...	...	...	...
4	Brady, James	do	45	do 13	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
5	Boyle, John	do	19	May 6	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
6	Barnes, William	do	18	do 27	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
7	Burn, John	do	26	June 3	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
8	Bernhardt, Isadore	do	19	July 12	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
9	Boxburg, Ferdinand	do	19	May 9	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
10	Chapman, Eben	do	21	do 22	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
11	Conway, James I.	do	23	do 3	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
12	Cody, Edward	do	21	June 25	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
13	Clarkson, Edmund	do	22	May 12	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
14	Chapin, Henry	do	19	do 16	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
15	Cullen, Thomas V.	do	20	do 15	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
16	Connolly, James	do	33	Aug. 19	do ...	Jos. Knight	do	...	...	...	...
17	Doyle, Michael	do	19	May 24	do ...	Wm. Anderson	do	...	...	...	...
18	Donnelly, John	do	18	do 14	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
19	Duffy, Francis	do	18	do 12	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
20	Decker, Charles	do	21	do 29	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
21	Dean, Charles	do	18	do 12	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
22	Delen, John ³	do	19	June 18	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
23	Demsky, William	do	19	April 30	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
24	Dermod, James	do	20	June 5	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
25	Daly, Christian	do	18	July 24	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
26	Delaney, Dennis	do	35	Aug. 5	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
27	Flynn, Morris	do	19	June 14	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
28	Flaherty, Hugh	do	18	do 23	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
29	Ganning, Edward	do	18	May 15	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
30	Grey, Walter	do	22	do 15	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
31	Gund, William	do	18	do 3	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
32	Green, William H.	do	19	Aug. 1	do ...	Jos. Knight	do	...	...	...	...
33	Harkin, Michael	do	19	July 21	do ...	Wm. Anderson	do	...	...	...	...
34	Hogan, John	do	18	May 16	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
35	Hazlett, William	do	19	do 6	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
36	Hughes, Felix	do	23	April 25	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
37	Jackson Eugene	do	19	May 12	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
38	Kilgour, John	do	33	April 31	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
39	Kallum, George	do	21	July 6	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...
40	Kelly, Edward	do	32	May 9	do ...	do	do	...	...	...	...

41	Lindsay, George W.	do	33	do	22	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
42	Lary, John ⁴	do	26	do	23	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
43	Leonard, Peter	do	37	do	4	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
44	Moore, George	do	34	June	1	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
45	Martin, Hugh	do	18	May	8	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
46	McEvoy, Michael	do	22	do	10	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
47	McGivenny, Michael	do	18	do	1	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
48	McIlvain, John	do	34	do	2	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
49	McNulty, Benjamin	do	21	April	28	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
50	McLain, Thomas	do	22	do	25	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
51	Mullen, James	do	22	May	10	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
52	Monahan, John	do	22	Aug.	9	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
53	Minturn, Thomas F.	do	22	May	3	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
54	McDonald, Charles F.	do	28	do	30	do	Jos. Knight	do	...	...	...	...	...
55	Nicholson, William	do	19	April	28	do	Wm. Anderson	do	...	...	...	...	...
56	O'Sullivan, Michael	do	36	May	4	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
57	Pabor, William	do	19	July	6	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
58	Park, Joseph V.	do	32	June	6	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
59	Quinlan, Thomas	do	21	Aug.	8	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
60	Reid, Joseph	do	29	June	13	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
61	Scott, Thomas	do	18	July	6	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
62	Charles, Sturgis	do	18	May	18	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
63	Smith, James	do	19	July	5	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
64	Stevenson, Robert	do	19	May	29	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
65	Smith, Peter	do	19	do	18	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
66	Sands, John	do	19	do	7	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
67	Shannon, Henry	do	18	do	20	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
68	Summer, Louis	do	24	do	6	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
69	Shannon, John	do	18	do	28	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
70	Taylor, William	do	23	June	24	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
71	Taggart, Philip	do	26	May	19	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
72	Vail, George W.	do	19	June	19	do	Jos. Knight	do	...	...	...	...	...
73	Vanderwater, George	do	18	May	16	do	Wm. Anderson	do	...	...	...	...	...
74	Virtue, James	do	38	June	22	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
75	Wallace, Joseph	do	21	May	1	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
76	Wallace, James	do	18	do	3	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
77	Walker, James	do	18	do	22	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
78	Williams, William	do	20	do	31	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
79	Welch, William	do	22	June	16	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
80	Willihan, John	do	20	May	1	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
81	White, Thomas	do	19	Aug.	19	do	Jos. Knight	do	...	...	...	...	...
82	Waters, Robert	do	18	do	10	do	Wm. Anderson	do	...	...	...	...	...
83	Van Squire, Nicholas	do	30	June	29	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...
84	Cooper, Isaac ⁵	do	21	do	1	do	do	do	...	...	...	...	...

I certify, on honor, that this Muster Roll exhibits the true state of Captain Joseph Knights Company (A.) of the Anderson Zouave Regiment, N. Y. V., as of this date, and that the remarks set opposite the name of each officer and soldier are accurate and just. Also that it exhibits a true statement of said Company as it was mustered and paid on the 31st day of August last, with the exceptions noted under the head of Remarks,

J. LAFAYETTE RIKER, Colonel

Date—Oct. 15th, 1861, Station—Tennallytown, D. C.

I certify, on honor, that I have carefully examined the men whose are names borne on this Roll, their horses and equipments, and have accepted them into the service of the United States for the term of _____, from this ____ day of _____, 186__.

Mustering Officer.

Date— _____, Station— _____⁶

Notes

- The original First Lieutenant was William A. Boyd who enlisted on May 27, 1861 at the age of 20. He was mustered in on June 30, 1861. He was discharged on the day the Anderson Zouaves joined Peck's brigade, September 13, 1861, while the regiment was encamped at Camp Lincoln, Meridian Hill, Washington, D. C.
- Edward H. Morris originally enlisted with company 'F' on April 22, 1861, at the age of 23 as Second Lieutenant and was commissioned on June 30, 1861. He was transferred first to company 'E' (Troy Company) on July 3, 1861 and then to company 'A' on September 9, 1861, while the regiment was encamped at Meridian Hill, Washington, D. C.
- Wrong name. Correct name is John Delay

4. Wrong name. Correct name is John Lang.

- Cooper appears here out of alphabetical order possibly because he had been detailed as a clerk at the headquarters of the commander of the division (later commander of the IV Corps) Gen. Keyes in Washington. With Cooper was Elisha Hunt Rhodes who mentions Cooper twice in his diary (published as *All for the Union*, 1985, ed. by R. H. Rhodes). A CDV of Cooper in zouave uniform is in the collection of historian John McAfee and an article written by McAfee about the Anderson Zouaves, with the image, appeared in *Military Images* magazine, vol XII, no. 6 (May–June, 1991) on page 31.
- The Anderson Zouaves were mustered into the Federal service by Captain Hayman of the U. S. Army, at Camp Lafayette, Newark Bay House, Saltersville, N.J. on June 30 and July 1, 1861.

COMING EVENTS

DECEMBER 2, 2006.

A Civil War Christmas Ball – 62nd New York Anderson Zouaves Inc. & the 2nd US Cavalry, invite you and your dance partner to the Bushranger Hotel, NSW, on the night of December 2, 2006. Tickets \$10.00. For more information contact: John.Brown@bushrangerhotel.com.au, at your earliest convenience. Reservation available at the Bushranger Hotel \$40 single room, \$60 double room <www.bushrangerhotel.com.au>. Cost of dinner: T.B.A.

THIS EVENT HAS BEEN CANCELLED

DECEMBER 8 – 10, 2006.

Thanks-Giving/Christmas Gathering – The Second Virginia, CSS Shenandoah, Company "B" 62nd New York and ACWRTA are having a Thanks-Giving/Christmas/End-of-year weekend event at Camp Pines, Altona, Victoria from 4pm Friday, December 8 through to 4 pm Sunday December 10, 2006. For further information, please contact Jeff Yuille, P.O. Box 74, Violet Town, VIC, 3669, <darleith@optusnet.com.au>.

APRIL 6 – 9, 2007.

American Civil War Living History Tactical Event – Cooma 6–9th April 2007 – This event is being hosted by Annie Woodhouse and Tony Miller on their property "The Wilderness" near Cooma, NSW and coordinated & organised by representatives from several units. Go to <<http://www.civilwarcavalry.org/navigation/Cooma2007/mainpage.html>> for further details

MAY 5 – 6, 2007.

The Irish Brigade at the Glenn Innes Celtic Festival 5–6th May 2007 – 62nd New York 'Anderson's Zouaves' American Civil War Re-enactment Society Inc. invites interested individuals to participate in an Irish Brigade impression. There will be an encampment, public drill and living history displays. Some reimbursement for expenses will be available. Contact Secretary-Public Officer, Stephen Gapps, M. 04 0296 9535 <stephen.gapps@optusnet.com.au>.

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